



INVESTICE DO ROZVOJE VZDĚLÁVÁNÍ

Projekt:	MO-ME-N-T MODerní MEtody s Novými Technologiemi
Reg.č.:	CZ.1.07/1.5.00/34.0903
Operační program:	Vzdělávání pro konkurenceschopnost
Škola:	Hotelová škola, Vyšší odborná škola hoteliictví a turismu a Jazyková škola s právem státní jazykové zkoušky Poděbrady
Tematický okruh:	Australia
Jméno autora:	Bc. Lenka Svobodová
Datum:	01. 11. 2013
Ročník: (Cíl. skupina):	Čtvrtý
Anotace:	Student je seznámen s geografickou charakteristikou Austrálie, přírodními krásami, klíčovými momenty historie, politickými a společenskými atributy (důležité instituce, státní zřízení, úřední jazyky, členění na správní celky, státní symboly)

Australia



[cit. 2013-06-20]. Dostupný pod licencí Creative Commons na WWW: http://commons.wikimedia.org/wiki/File:Map_of_Australia.png

Location

- Situated in the southern hemisphere
- Occupies:
 - the mainland of the Australian continent
 - the island of Tasmania
 - numerous smaller islands
- Surrounded by the Indian and Pacific oceans

Geography

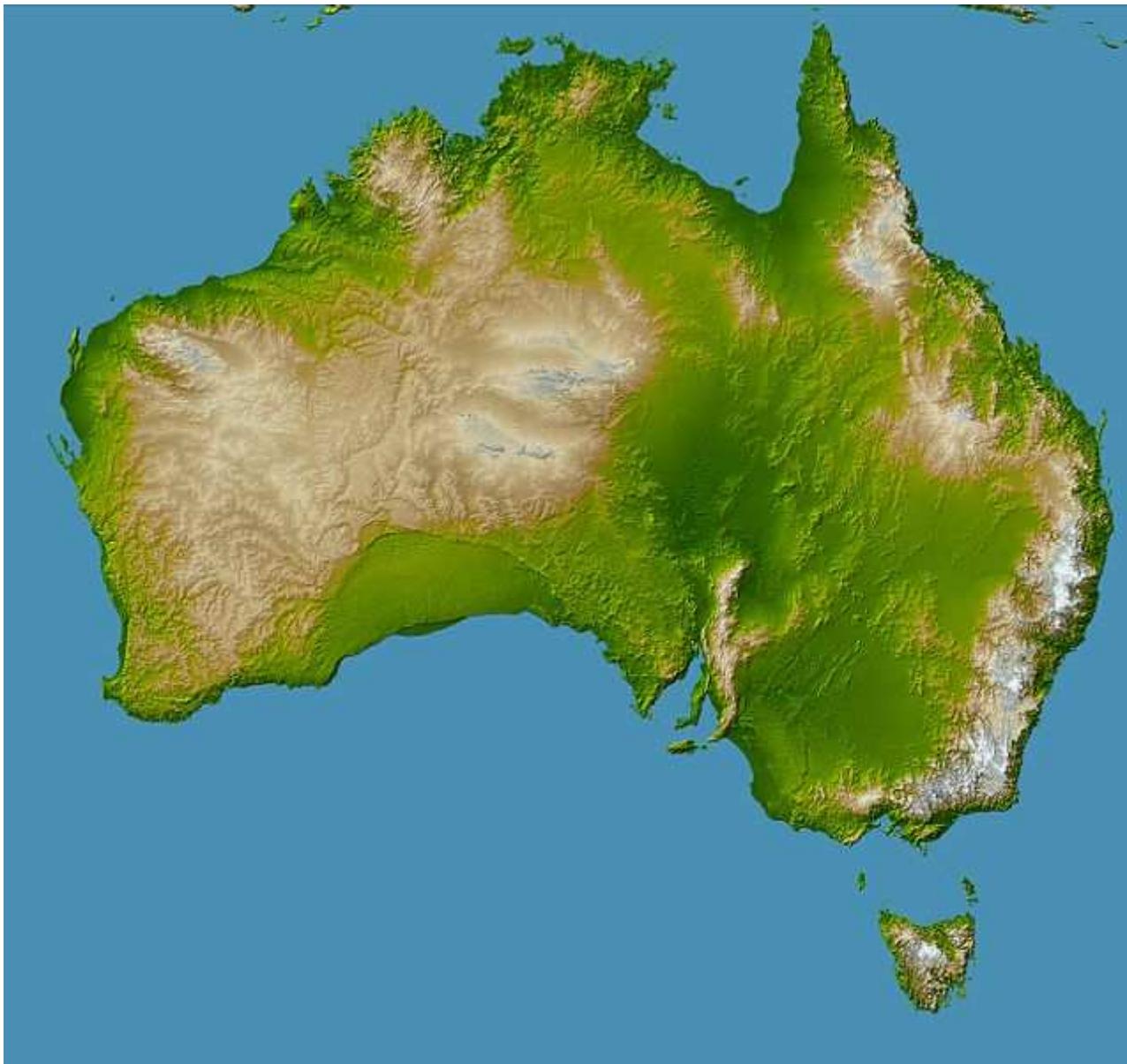
- Neighbouring countries include:
 - Indonesia and Papua New Guinea to the north
 - The Solomon Islands and Vanuatu to the north-east
 - New Zealand to the south-east
- The world's sixth-largest country by total area
- The world's smallest continent

Constituent Parts

- Federation of:
 - Six states
 - Two mainland territories
 - Several overseas territories
 - Christmas Island
 - Cocos Islands
 - Coral Sea Islands

Surface

- A wide variety of landscapes, with:
 - Subtropical rainforests in the north-east
 - Mountain ranges in the south-east, south-west and east
 - Dry desert in the centre
- It is the flattest continent with the oldest and least fertile soils



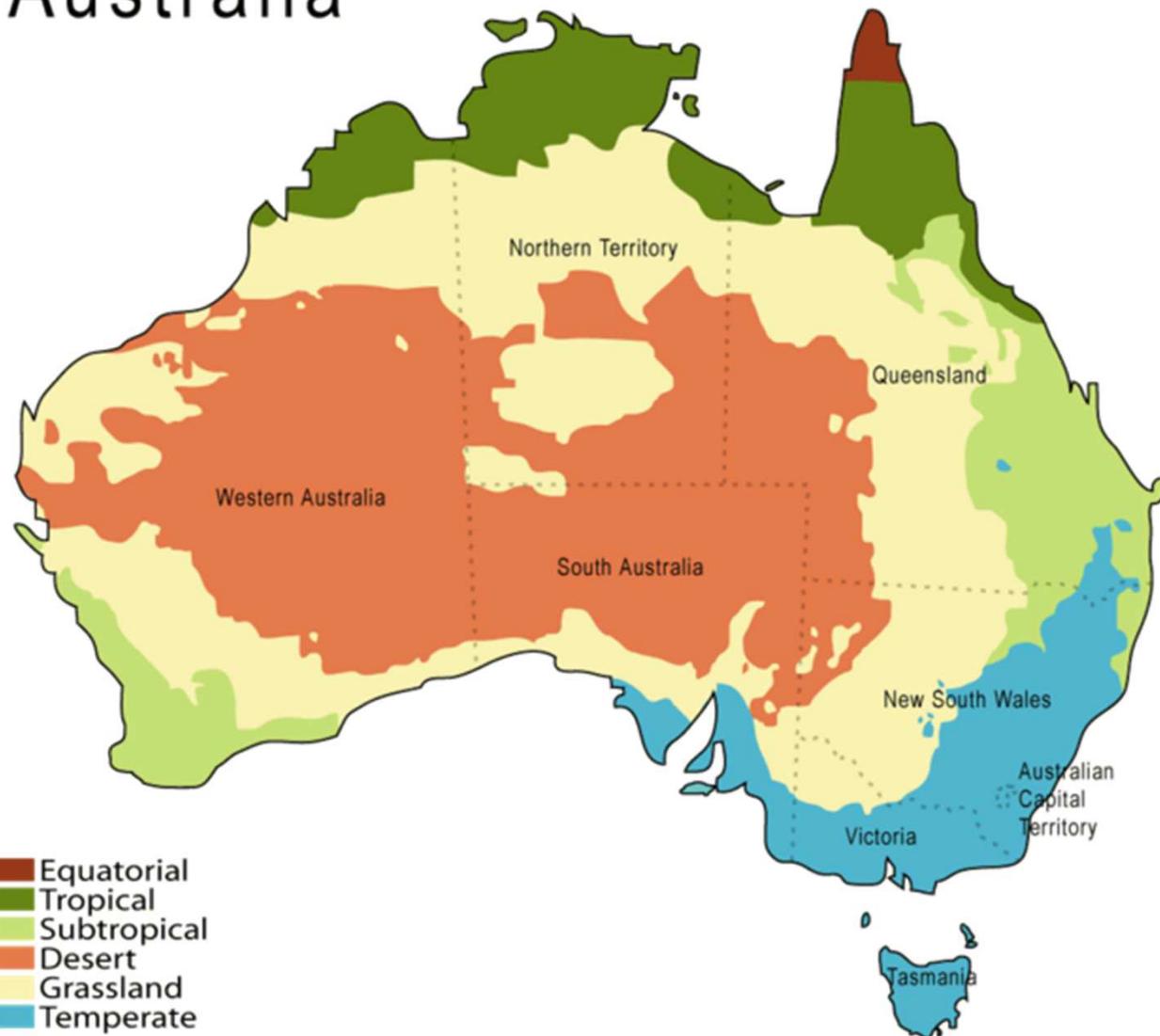
NASA; [cit. 2013-06-20]. Dostupný pod licencí Creative Commons na WWW: http://commons.wikimedia.org/wiki/File:Topography_of_australia.jpg

Surface

- **Highlands**
 - The Great Diving Range with the highest peak Mt. Kosciusko
- **Deserts**
 - Simpson
 - Great Sandy
 - Great Victoria
- **Tropical-rainforests**
 - Cape York Peninsula

Climate Map

Australia



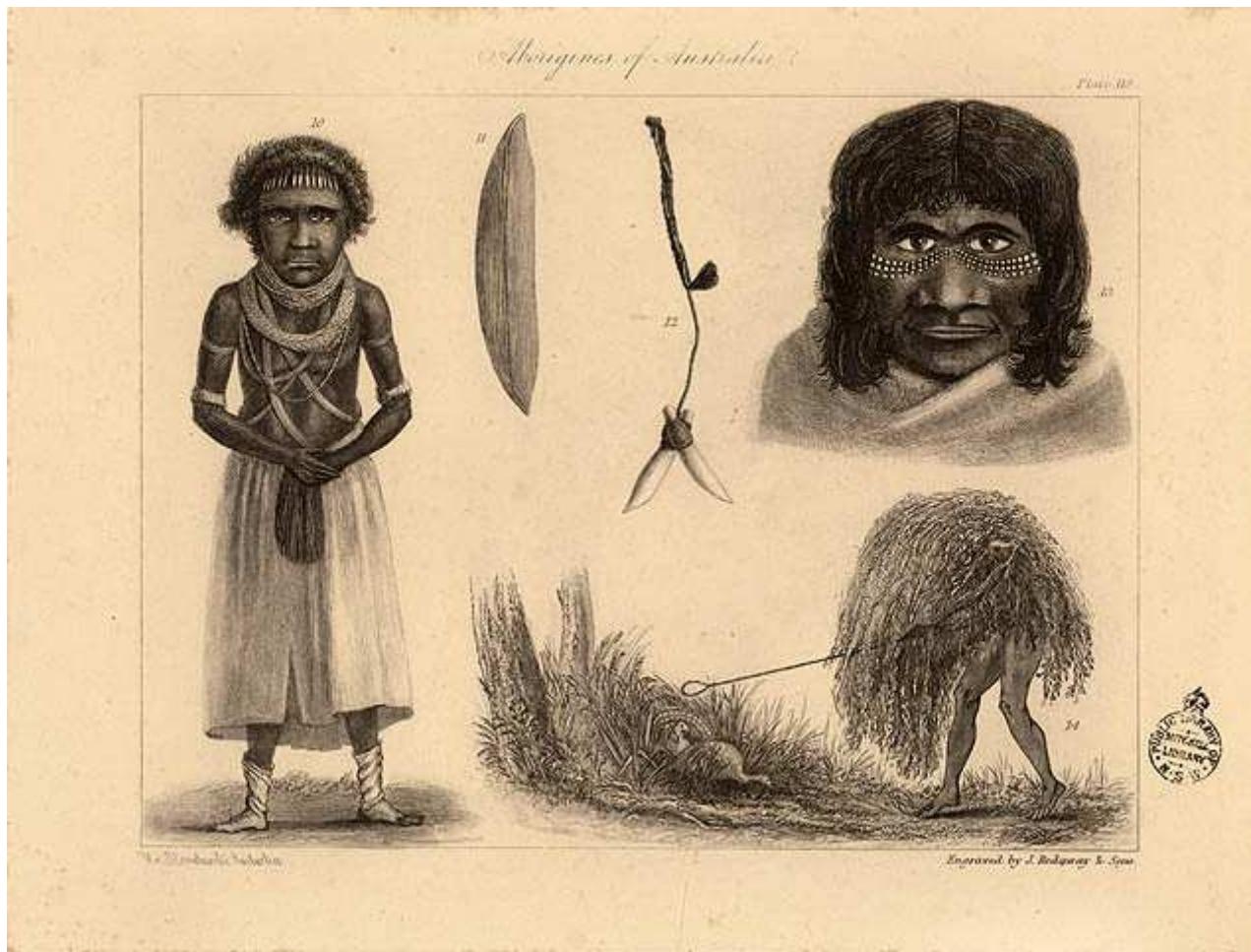
Water bodies

- **Rivers**
 - Short fast rivers or dried for long periods (because of little rainfall)
 - The Murray
 - The Darling
- **Lakes**
 - Shallow, drying
 - Lake Eyre – the largest; thick crust of salt
 - Lake Buchanan
 - Blue Lake

History

- **Aborigines**
 - Dark-skinned people came from Asia thousands years ago
 - Lived at a stone age level: tools and weapons made of stones, bones, and wood
- **18th century**
 - Discovered by James Cook, English navigator
 - Government sent convicts to live there
- **19th century**
 - Free settlers arrived
- **After WW II**
 - Refugees from all over Europe reached the continent

Aborigines of Australia



People

- The people of Australia are primarily of British and/or Irish ethnic origin
- Asian Australians make up 12% of the population
- Aborigines 2.5% of the population
- The minorities are Italian, German, Chinese, Indian
- The population density, 2.8 inhabitants per square kilometer, remains among the lowest in the world
- Official languages: none
- National language: Australian English

Cities

- Nearly three quarters of Australians live in metropolitan cities and coastal areas
- Canberra – the capital
- Sydney – the largest
- Melbourne
- Brisbane
- Perth

Political System

- Federal parliamentary democracy under constitutional monarchy
- The sovereign is Queen Elizabeth II, who also serves as head of state
- The Governor General of Australia is the Queen's representative

Government

- Is composed of three branches:
 - Legislative
 - Vested in the Parliament which has two houses:
 - The Senate
 - The House of Representatives
 - Executive
 - Federal Executive Council
 - the Governor-General
 - the Prime Minister
 - Ministers of State
 - Judicial
 - The High Court of Australia
 - Federal courts

Economy

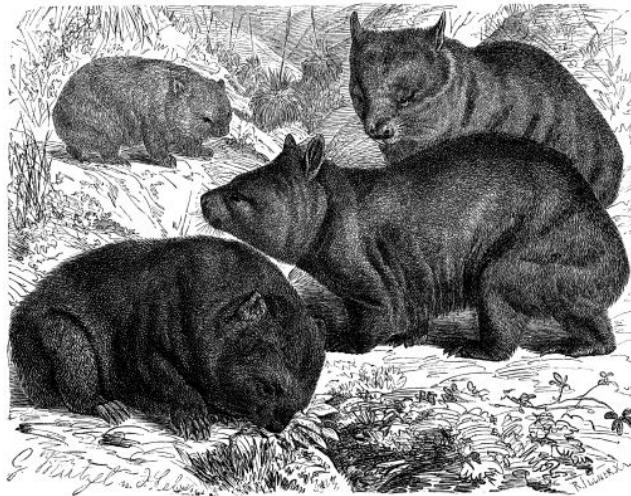
- **Currency** – Australian dollar equals to 100 cents
- **Industry**: tourism, education, financial services, trade, wine industry
- **Agriculture** – wine, wheat, wool
- **Natural resources** - iron-ore, gold, natural gas and coal

Fauna and Flora

- Much of fauna and flora is unique and diverse because of long-term geographic isolation
- Most of flowering plants, mammals, birds and in-shore fish are endemic
- The greatest number of reptiles of any country, with 755 species
- **Animals:**
 - the platypus
 - anteater
 - kangaroo
 - koala
 - wombat
 - emu
 - dingo
 - Tasmanian devil
- **Plants:**
 - the eucalyptus tree
 - the acacia
 - the baobab tree



Platypus



Wombat



Anteater

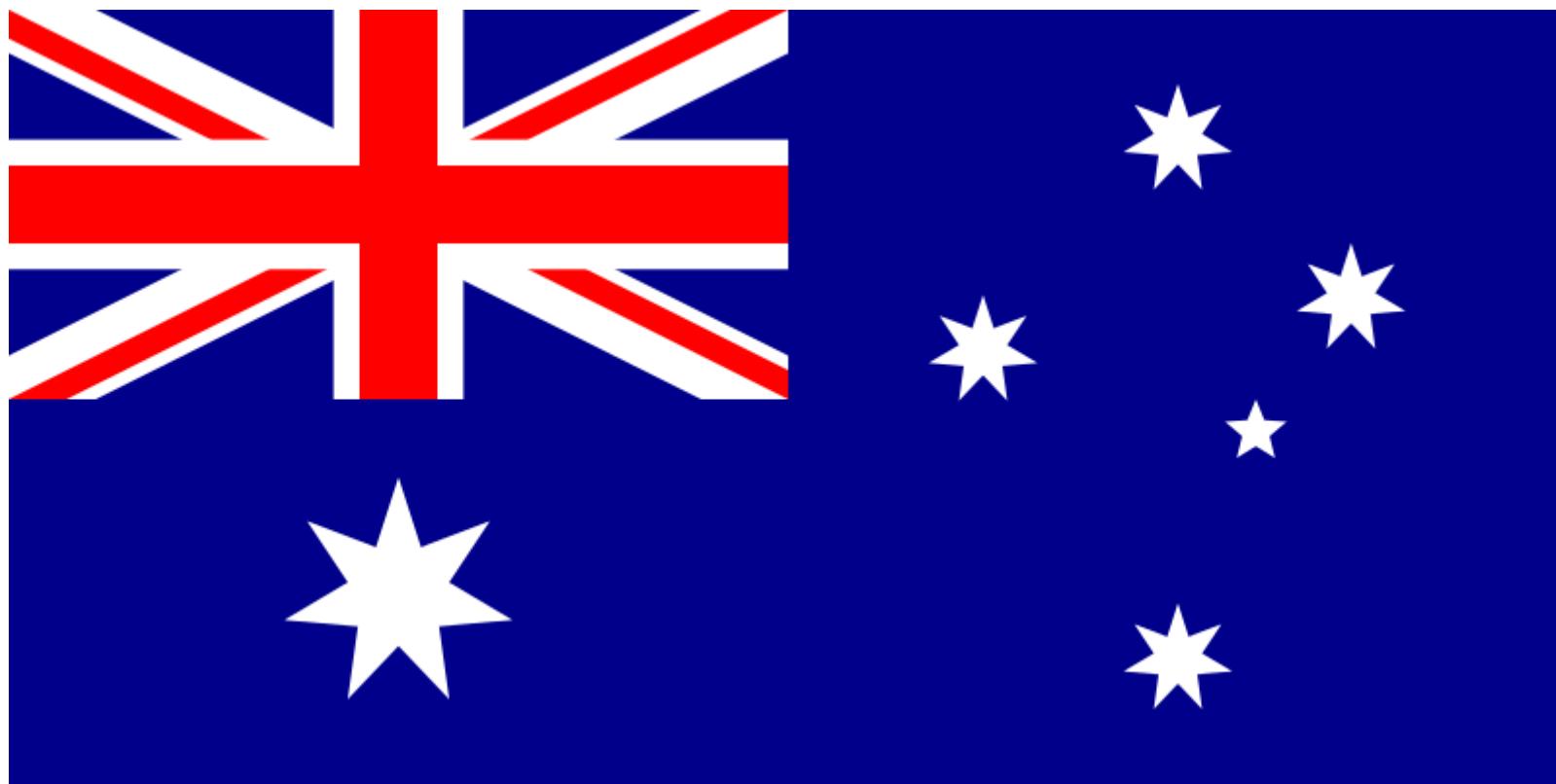


Tasmanian Devil

GOULD, John; [cit. 2013-06-20]. Dostupný pod licencí Creative Commons na WWW: http://commons.wikimedia.org/wiki/File:Gould_John_Duckbilled_Platypus_1845-1863.png
KEULEMANS, J G; [cit. 2013-06-20]. Dostupný pod licencí Creative Commons na WWW: <http://commons.wikimedia.org/wiki/File:TamanduaTetradactylaKeulemans.jpg>
[cit. 2013-06-20]. Dostupný pod licencí Creative Commons na WWW: <http://commons.wikimedia.org/wiki/File:Wombat.png>
MACLEAN, Wayne; [cit. 2013-06-20]. Dostupný pod licencí Creative Commons na WWW: http://commons.wikimedia.org/wiki/File:Tasdevil_large.jpg

Symbols

Flag



[cit. 2013-06-20]. Dostupný pod licencí Creative Commons na WWW: http://commons.wikimedia.org/wiki/File:Flag_of_Australia.svg

Symbols

Flag

- A blue field with:
 - The Union Jack in the upper left quarter
 - Commonwealth Star in the lower left quarter – a large white seven-pointed star
 - The right part contains a representation of the Southern Cross
 - one small five-pointed star
 - four, larger, seven-pointed stars

Symbols

Coat of Arms



[cit. 2013-06-20]. Dostupný pod licencí Creative Commons na WWW: http://commons.wikimedia.org/wiki/File:Australian_Coat_of_Arms.png

Symbols

Anthem

- **Anthem:** "Advance Australia Fair"
- **The Royal Anthem**
 - " God Save the King"
 - "King" replaced with "Queen" in the lyrics whenever the monarch is a woman